

Partly cloudy; frost tonight.
Thursday fair, warmer.

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RUSSIAN PRINCE, SLAIN IN ROAD, LEFT LIKE DOG

Second Tragedy of the Kind This Year in House of Pavlenoff.

HEBREWS THREATENED BY PEOPLE'S UNION

Government's Prestige Partly Regained Through Mistakes of Constitutional Convention.

ST. PETERSBURG, Oct. 10.—A dispatch from Tiflis says that Prince Jason Pavlenoff was murdered on a street in the village of Gorki. None of the villagers would handle the body and it lies where it fell.

Prince Jason's uncle, Prince Gregory, was similarly murdered last June and his body lay for ten days before it was removed for burial.

ODESSA, Oct. 10.—In the name of the Czar, death to the Jews! is the substance of an amazing inflammatory address made by President Dubrovnik of the Union of Russian people.

Dubrovnik spoke to a band of 300 armed members of the union, who had carried him on their shoulders to the railroad station on his departure for Kiev.

"In the name of our beloved emperor, I bless you," he said.

"The holy Russian cause is the extermination of rebels. You know who they are and where to find them. Clear the Russian soil of them."

"The Russian people wants neither constitution nor parliament, but orthodoxy and autocracy."

"Go ahead, brothers; death to the rebels and Jews!"

After President Dubrovnik's train had left the 300 armed men marched through the principal streets of the city, shouting:

"Death to the rebels; death to the Jews!"

Douma May Not Meet Unless Uprising Comes

ST. PETERSBURG, Oct. 10.—Russia probably will never have another meeting of the douma, unless another revolution similar to that which forced the concession of the putative national assembly, recently dissolved by the Czar, makes it necessary to call the assembly together to ally the aroused people temporarily.

In circles close to the government the opinion prevails that the douma, despite promises from the Czar, will not be summoned for at least two years.

The government now feels strong enough, in view of the loss of influence sustained by the constitutional democratic party, through its backdown in its national convention in Helsinki, to attempt a resumption of arbitrary rule. Incentive to postpone calling the douma for two years is found in the offer made by a foreign syndicate to make a new loan to Russia, conditional upon the abandonment of the plans to reassemble the douma.

Government Gains Ground.

It is estimated that in two days, since the action of the constitutional democratic convention became known, the government has gained greater prestige than it has had at any time within two years. The hope of the people generally have been shattered by the convention's abandonment of strong opposition to the government in the face of threats from the authorities. They feel that they have been betrayed. At present they have not the courage to try to build up another organization powerful enough to fight the government with any hope.

That the constitutional democrats realize they made a terrible mistake, is shown by the efforts in their convention yesterday to resign last ground. The radicals insisted on bringing their program to the fore and advocating taking advanced ground in the fight on the government. But it is generally felt that the damage never can be repaired.

Loan Demands Attention.

In view of Russia's financial condition, the offer of an enormous loan hardly can be overlooked by the government. Now that it seems to be in a position to resist the demand for reassembling the douma, those on the inside generally believe the offer of the syndicate will be accepted and the promise to call the assembly together again will be ignored.

If the douma is postponed for two years, the chances are good that it will never meet again until the government is forced to grant the concession through an uprising of the people. Just at present, all the Czar's advisers are engaged in trying to persuade him that the government is strong enough to rule without the douma and that order can be restored sooner and the terrorists crushed quicker, if it is not reassembled.

STUDY COTTON LANDS FOR BRITISH SPINNERS

LONDON, Oct. 10.—The report of the first cotton commission sent out by the Lancashire cotton spinners, was so favorable that a second commission will be sent to America to study the advisability of having lands in the cotton belt of the Southern States to supply the British needs.

Alabama Flooding \$250 Per 100 Feet.

Lumber Trust Broken.

Libbey & Co., 6th St. & N. Y. Ave.—Adv.

Conen Dies; Slayer Sick When Told

End Comes After Year's Suffering From Bullet Wound.



LUCIEN H. CONEN,
Who Died in Louisville, Ky., Last Night

LOUISVILLE, Ky., Oct. 10.—After lingering between life and death for more than a year, Lucien H. Conen, the United States Marine bandman who was shot down on the streets of Washington by Mrs. Jennie L. May, September 27, 1905, died here last night at his mother's home.

Shortly after the shooting, which resulted in Conen becoming paralyzed, he was brought here and placed under skilled medical treatment. Specialists employed every means possible to bring about his recovery. In recent weeks it was known that he had no chance to live and all hope was abandoned. Conen's mother, who has kept a ceaseless vigil, hoping against hope that her boy would regain his vitality and health, was at the bedside when he died. Conen was a native of Kentucky, and it is probable that he will be buried here.

Mrs. May Sees No One.

In the little home at 917 E. street southeast, Mrs. Jennie L. May denies herself to all visitors. "Tell them I am ill, and can see no one," is the message she sends to the door by her fifteen-year-old daughter, who has been almost constantly at her side since the shooting of Lucien H. Conen, on September 26, 1905.

The news of Conen's death reached her last night, and for the first time since the tragedy occurred, Mrs. May showed signs of emotion.

"My God, it is over now," she sobbed, and the strain under which she had been laboring for more than a year had come to an end.

Can't Try Her for Murder.

On September 27 last, he had lived a year and a day—the legal limit within the District for which a person can be tried for murder. The most serious charge on which Mrs. May can be tried now, is assault with a dangerous weapon with intent to kill. The grand jury returned an indictment on this charge against Mrs. May, October 1. She is now out on bond.

The details of the shooting are still fresh in the minds of the residents of this city. Conen and Mrs. May's husband, Ole J. May, were both musicians in the Marine Band. Conen was returning from a band concert at the Capitol, in which he had taken part. He was met by Mrs. May, who shot him in the back with a revolver.

When the case came up for trial Mrs. May's defense was that she was defending her honor.

FATAL EXPLOSION IN STEEL PLANT

CHICAGO, Oct. 10.—Milo Lyles was killed, another man is reported to have died, and eighteen or twenty others were injured as the result of a terrific explosion of gas in a furnace in the Illinois Steel Company's plant in South Chicago, today.

A piece of slag, chocking up the vent in the furnace, is said to have caused the explosion of gas.

THE WEATHER REPORT.

Generally fair weather is indicated for the next few days in the Washington forecast district, except that snow flurries are probable along the lower lakes. The temperature will continue low until Thursday afternoon.

The following heavy precipitation (in inches) has been reported during the past twenty-four hours: Erie, 1.32; Cleveland, 1.18; Portland, Me., 1.32; Block Island, 1.32; Boston, 2.12; Hartford, 1.01; New York, 1.14; Concord 1.20.

Steamers departing today for European ports will have fresh and variable winds with showery weather to the Grand Banks.

TEMPERATURE.

(Registered Affleck's Standard Thermometer.)

9 a. m. 58
12 noon 57
1 p. m. 56

DOWNTOWN TEMPERATURE.

(Registered Affleck's Standard Thermometer.)

9 a. m. 56
12 noon 55
1 p. m. 54

SUN TABLE.

Sun sets today 5:39
Sun rises tomorrow 6:36

TIDE TABLE.

High tide today 7:57 p. m.
Low tide today 1:23 p. m.
High tide tomorrow 8:56 p. m.
Low tide tomorrow 1:42 a. m., 2:17 p. m.

HARPERS FERRY, W. Va., Oct. 10.
—Both rivers muddy.

BURN MAN ALIVE IN NEW JERSEY; BODY RECOVERED

Mystery of Man Who Disappeared in July Believed to Be Solved.

LEFT HOME IN NEWARK

Mountains Where Crime Was Committed Infested With Tramps.

FLEMINGTON, N. J., Oct. 10.—Beaten by a band of robbers, stripped of all his cash and valuables, and then bound hand and foot and burned alive—such was the fate of Frank L. Hopkins, a wealthy contractor of Newark, according to the theory of Coroner George Pidecock.

The body of a man who met such a fate and which is supposed to be that of Hopkins has been found in the clatters of a brush heap near the summit of Mt. Asbury. The mountains are frequented by tramps of a desperate character and robberies and other crimes of frequent occurrences have been attributed to them.

The finding of the body clears up a mystery that has been unfathomable since July 21 last. On that date Hopkins left his offices in Newark to visit his wife and child, who were summering at a farmhouse on the mountain about a mile from where the body was found. The last seen of Hopkins was when he alighted from the train at the station and started to walk to the farmhouse. He had more than \$100 with him. The belief is that he was held up and knocked on the head when he reached the roadside, where it was searched. Then, it is surmised, they piled brush over the body and set fire to it. It is certain that the body laid for many weeks where it was found, which strengthened the belief that it is that of the contractor. An inquest will be held Saturday.

SOX ARE FAVORITES FOR TODAY'S GAME

Big Switch in Betting on Championship Series. Weather Clearing.

CHICAGO, Oct. 10.—Interest is at fever heat today over the second game between the Cubs and the Sox for the world's championship.

With the Sox one game to the good the odds have shifted and from top heavy favorites the Cubs have dropped to the second choice at odds of 4 to 5. Besides their advantage of winning the first game of the series, the Sox today have the additional advantage of playing on their own grounds. The scene shifted to Thirty-ninth street and West.

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City Evenly Divided.

A year ago the Cubs won the first game and the Sox the second. The Cub adherents are wondering if history will reverse itself this year and the Cubs win the second game. So evenly is the city divided over the question of the Sox and Cubs that something like half the people hope that this very thing will happen. The other half—well, it hopes that the Sox will keep right on and win them all.

There are thousands of others ready to cheer for either club. These are the impartial fans who are loyal to both, and only want to see the best team win. Then there are the Cub fans who like to see each club win three games, and then rain or some other cause prevent the deciding game.

Who Will Pitch Today?

Who will pitch today is the great question. It is expected the managers will not decide till the very last moment, the same as was done yesterday. If the managers know they won't tell.

The Sox might possibly put Alcock in again. He is a horse when it comes to hard work, and will pitch every game if they will let him.

The Cubs have Pfister, a left-hander. Besides Pfister, there is Reubach and the cold-weather pitcher, Carl Lundgren. It will undoubtedly be one of these three, with the chances in favor of Reubach, if the weather is cloudy when the game starts.

Baseball Bulletins

The results of the world's championship baseball between the Chicago American and National League teams, will be announced at The Times office in detail. The games begin at 3:30 p. m., Washington time.

AMERICAN TROOPS, IN CAMP, WHO OVERAWE REBELS IN CUBA



MARINES AT CAMP COLUMBIA.

LAST EXPEDITION TO SAL FOR CUBA TOMORROW NIGHT

Entire Army of 6,000 Expected on Island by Monday.

By tomorrow night the last of the first expeditionary army division for Cuban occupation will have embarked from American shores, and by Monday it is expected the last troop will have set foot on Cuban soil. This will include all the troops, numbering 6,000, called for in Secretary Taft's order, and so far as is known at the War Department at the present time, no other forces will be sent.

It is the feeling in army circles, however, that should the first army of invasion meet with any obstacles, an order for more troops, perhaps a still larger force, quickly will be forthcoming. It is not considered that any further action in this respect will be taken, though, till the arrival of Secretary Taft in Washington.

So far there has been scarcely a hitch in the proceedings looking to the transportation of the several regiments of American soldiers on Cuban land. Work of directing the transportation is being smoothly expedited in the office of Quartermaster General Humphrey, and the rush of preparations for the movement is now over.

Andes Due There Today.

The Andes finally cleared from Port Tampa for Havana at 1:30 yesterday morning. With this vessel there has been the only delay in the transportation of troops so far, low water being the principal handicap. The Andes was ready to sail Sunday afternoon, but at the last moment it was considered inadvisable to send her, as she would arrive at Havana Monday midnight.

It is expected that the troops will be landed tomorrow morning, as so to land the troops yesterday afternoon, but Monday morning they will be landed, owing to the delay in the transportation of troops from Port Tampa. With high tide yesterday morning, however, the ship cleared, and the first sailing of troops from Port Tampa under way. The Andes carried the Fourteenth Light Battery and pack train from Port Tampa, together with a considerable forage, and was expected to dock this morning.

Summer's Second Consignment.

The transport Simmer, which carried the first embarkation of troops to Cuba, having sailed from New York, is now bound for Newport News, where she will be loaded with another consignment. She has aboard Captain McIntyre, acting chief of the Bureau of Insular Affairs, who is returning after a conference with Secretary Taft on the question as to whether Cuban affairs will be handled in Washington by that bureau.

Nearly all the remaining troops that have been ordered out for Cuban service have arrived at Newport News. The last of them are expected to arrive by tomorrow. These troops include the Eleventh Cavalry, Eleventh Infantry, Eleventh Battalion of Field Artillery, Company F, of the Signal Corps, and the Second Field Hospital.

**STUBENER AND BAUSKETT
WILL SHOOT OFF THE TIE**

Phil Stubener and Frank Bauskett will shoot a match the Stubener's roadhouse tomorrow afternoon for a side bet of \$150. The American Shooting Association will govern the match, and instead of having it for a hundred birds, as was at first suggested, it will be for fifty.

This is the third meeting between the two. Mr. Bauskett having won the first two, and Stubener having won the last. The match will be a very close one, as Stubener is a very good shot, and Bauskett is a very good shot.

**RUSSIAN GENERAL AIDS
HIS ELOPING NIECE**

LONDON, Oct. 10.—General Kostoff, uncle of Mme. Ouchakoff, who eloped with Lieutenant Esposito, is said to be hurrying from Moscow to Havre to intercept General Ouchakoff, and persuade him not to take vengeance on the fleeing pair, but to appeal to their consciences.

BOXER OUTRAGES ON MISSIONARIES AGAIN REPORTED

Organized Bands in China Prepare for Combined Attack on Foreigners.

VICTORIA, B. C., Oct. 10.—Another serious outbreak by Boxers is threatened in China, according to advices received here. In the districts west of Peking outrages have already been committed by organized bands of Boxers. The movement is spreading and serious troubles are feared unless the agitators can be suppressed immediately.

News of the Boxers' movements comes in letters from Mr. Stephenson, a missionary at Tsoumpien.

He says the Boxers have been drilling in the hills for months in preparation for an attack on foreigners.

He sends details of an attack on Tsoumpien where Boxers armed with spears and swords rushed into the city crying "kill the foreigners." Two missionaries and four women sought safety at the home of a magistrate.

A German military officer, traveling in the country, organized a small force of native soldiers armed with guns and in a fight killed eleven of the Chinese, wounded a score or more, and took forty-two prisoners.

**NO POLITICAL JARS
FROM CIVIL SERVICE**

Investigation of Federal Officials' Schemes Postponed Until After Election.

The Civil Service Commission has decided to refrain from interfering at present, with the game of politics as played by Federal officeholders, even though reams of charges may be filed against them before election day. After the elections are over and the "pernicious activity" has subsided, the commission will get busy.

The reason assigned for postponing investigation, is that any decision now would be charged to partisan feeling by those the losing side.

Among the charges already filed, that will go over until after election day, are those of Senator Simmons of North Carolina, and of Assemblyman Winters of New York, both against Federal officeholders in their respective States.

**MRS. K. K. HENRY REGENT
TO SUCCEED MRS. LEE**

At a meeting of the Mary Washington Chapter, Daughters of the American Revolution, last night, Mrs. Kate Kearney Henry, vice regent, was unanimously elected regent to fill the vacancy created by the death of Mrs. Elizabeth Blair Lee.

Mrs. Henry has been prominently identified with the Daughters of the American Revolution since its foundation. She has been twice elected vice regent and because of the illness of Mrs. Lee the duties of the regency have devolved upon her.

TAFT TO SAIL FOR NEW YORK ON SATURDAY

Governor Magoon Now Fully Prepared to Take Charge of Pacification Work on Island.

LARGER WAR VESSELS TO BE WITHDRAWN

American Marines Directed to Be Cautious and Insurrectionists Are Warned.

HAVANA, Oct. 10.—Secretary Taft and party will sail for home Saturday on the battleship Louisiana. By that time the reins of government can be transferred to Governor Magoon and the work of pacification and reorganization can be fully inaugurated. The battleships New Jersey and Louisiana also will sail north Saturday and others of the larger war vessels will follow soon.

The position of the American troops in Cuba is clearly defined by an order just issued by Governor Taft to General Funston. It says:

Instructions to Marines.

"Will you please direct Colonel Waller to advise the officers of marines stationed in various parts of the island that they are not expected to take part in an active way in the suppression of disorder unless an extreme emergency arises which makes it absolutely necessary for them to protect life and property. Their duty generally is limited to tending their good offices between the conflicting elements and in preventing friction that in the high state of tension between the political parties is inevitable during the present crisis. It is expected that their presence in the community will create such a sense of security that the rural guards and local police will be able to suppress any disorder that may manifest itself."

The President of the United States deems it of the utmost importance that the American forces be not engaged in any conflict with the Cubans, but that disorders by Cubans be suppressed by Cubans. It is also expected that officers and men both in army and marine corps, will exert every effort to manifest all the courtesy possible to Cubans of all parties and avoid, injuring their sensibilities in any wise."

Warning to Rebels.

A significant clause in Governor Taft's amnesty proclamation is taken as evidence that the Americans propose to "and for no nonsense. It says:

"Individuals or bands, who after the date of this proclamation are found in arms or disturbing the public order or otherwise violating the laws of the Cuban republic, will be arrested and proceeded against for such new violations of the law as under normal conditions."

A dispatch from Cienfuegos tells of an incident which illustrates the American method. General Ferrera undertook to remove the Cubans, other officials, and school teachers in Pinar del Rio. When Captain Barnett heard of the matter, he immediately sent his hands off of things that did not concern him, and added that he had the forces to compel him to do so. Ferrera has 500 armed followers.

Captain Barnett urged the rebels to use the greatest restraint, as a single shot might bring the city into war. The rebels made a demonstration and then became quiet.

Consul General Steinhardt is at Cienfuegos helping to pacify the contending factions. The friends of Representative Villaverde, whom the Liberals charge was murdered by Moderates, are still vengeful.

**Taft's Amnesty
May Bring On
A Bitter Feud**

HAVANA, Cuba, Oct. 10.—Governor Taft's action in including the alleged slayers of former Congressman Villaverde, who was killed last year at Cienfuegos, among the political offenders to whom amnesty has been extended, seems likely to lead to serious trouble.

If an open revolt among the friends of the former Congressman in the Cienfuegos district is not attempted as a result of opening the prison doors to the men accused of complicity in his murder, it is openly stated that Villaverde's friends will start a feud, which will not end until all the men accused have been killed.

Generally the amnesty proclamation has been favorably received. Partisans of Villaverde, however, are bitter and open in their condemnation. Many threats take sides with them, and it is probable it will be necessary to send additional troops there to prevent trouble.

La Lucha, the leading organ of the Liberals, openly voiced the sentiments of the Villaverde partisans.

"It is impossible to end the Villaverde affair by an edict," it says. "If the matter is wiped off the court records friends of Villaverde will take the question of vengeance into their own hands."

Governor Taft in deciding to include Villaverde's alleged slayers among the political prisoners slated for freedom, compared the attack upon him with the killing of several rural guards at Guanabacoa early this year, which has been regarded as the real beginning of the revolution.

Liberals in many instances assert there can be no comparison between the two incidents. It is within the power of the provisional government to pardon the prisoners implicated in the Guanabacoa affair, but the murder of Congressman Villaverde is a matter which is in the hands of his friends.

Cio Niagara Falls Excursion.

Last of the season, via Pennsylvania Railroad, October 12. Special train of parlor cars, dining car, and coaches leaves Washington 7:55 a. m. Tickets good for ten days. Further particulars of ticket agents.—Adv.